ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

BLOOMINGDALE PUBLIC LIBRARY

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FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedule

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT This section includes the opinion of the Library's independent auditing firm.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 30, 2020

Members of the Board of Trustees Bloomingdale Public Library Bloomingdale, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomingdale Public Library, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomingdale Public Library, Illinois, as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Bloomingdale Public Library, Illinois September 30, 2020 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bloomingdale Public Library, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BLOOMINGDALE PUBLIC LIBRARY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

April 30, 2020

As the management of the Bloomingdale Public Library (the "Library"), we offer readers of the Library's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Library for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Library's financial statements (beginning on page 14).

This discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Library's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Library's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

Historically, the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized fund-type information on a current financial resource basis. This approach has been modified by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The Library's financial statements present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Library's finances. The focus of the financial statements is on both the Library as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major funds) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government), and enhance the Library's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The focus of the Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Library's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 14 - 15) describe functions of the Library that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Library reflect the Library's basic services, including materials collections, reference and readers' services, programming, interlibrary loan, and outreach services.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements (pages 16 - 19) to be more familiar. The focus of the presentation is on major funds rather than fund types. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Library are in one category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Library maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Building Fund and Froio Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Library adopts an annual budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The major governmental fund financial schedules can be found on page 45 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 40 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Library's progress in funding its obligation to provide benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 41 - 45 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. Individual fund schedules can be found on pages 46 - 49 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Library as a Whole

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the Library has provided a comparative analysis of government-wide information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position.

Table 1 Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2020 and April 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

	Net Position		
	4/30/20	4/30/19	
Current Assets	\$ 5,305,284	5,090,194	
Capital Assets	3,324,402	3,361,957	
Total Assets	8,629,686	8,452,151	
Deferred Outflows	357,061	1,016,385	
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows	8,986,747	9,468,536	
Long-Term Liabilities	1,219,660	2,080,929	
Other Liabilities	72,383	98,362	
Total Liabilities	1,292,043	2,179,291	
Deferred Inflows	3,508,739	3,212,280	
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows	4,800,782	5,391,571	
Net Position			
Investment in Capital Assets	3,324,402	3,361,957	
Restricted	141,616	141,651	
Unrestricted	719,947	573,357	
Total Net Position	4,185,965	4,076,965	

The Library's combined net position increased from a balance of \$4,076,965 to \$4,185,965 during the FY 2019-20. The primary causes of this increase include an increase operating and grants for the current year due to a donation from an estate.

For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Position on page 14.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Continued)

Activities

The following table summarizes the revenue and expenses of the Library's activities for 2020 and 2019:

Table 2
Changes in Net position
For the Fiscal Years Ended April 30, 2020 and April 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

	Change in	Change in Net Position		
	4/30/20	4/30/19		
Revenues		_		
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 21,584	28,577		
Operating and Capital Grants	265,508	34,511		
General Revenues				
Property Taxes	2,942,224	2,898,641		
Replacement Taxes	4,808	3,652		
Investment Income	49,902	53,307		
Miscellaneous	150	100,434		
Total Revenues	3,284,176	3,119,122		
Expenses				
Public Library	3,175,176	3,131,718		
Change in Net Position	109,000	(12,596)		
Net Position - Beginning	4,076,965	4,089,561		
Net Position - Ending	4,185,965	4,076,965		

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (Continued)

2019-2020 FINANCIAL OVERVIEWS BLOOMINGDALE PUBLIC LIBRARY

INCOME SOURCES

Property and Replacement Tax	89.7%
Charges for Services	0.7%
Operating and Capital Grants	8.1%
Investment Income	1.5%
Miscellaneous	0.0%

Total Income: \$ 3,284,176

EXPENSES BY CATEGORY

Personnel Services	66.7%
Commodities	23.9%
Contractual Services	9.3%
Other	0.0%

Total Expenses: \$ 3,175,176

There are seven normal impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below:

Normal Impacts

Revenues

Taxes. The Library's total tax extension (of \$2,992,819) has seen a modest increase due to recent modest increases in property assessments.

DuPage County extended a total tax rate of 0.3333, an increase of 2.4% from the previous tax year.

Normal Impacts (Continued)

Revenues (Continued)

Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring). Certain recurring revenues (State Per Capita Grant, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring or one-time grants are less predictable and often distort their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

Market impacts on investment income. The Library's investment portfolio is managed using a similar average maturity to most other governments. Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate. Most funds are invested in the Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund, which offers a competitive return, liquidity, and safety, all requisites of the Library's investment policy.

Expenses

Introduction of new programs. Within functional expense categories, individual programs may be added or deleted in order to meet the changing needs of the Library.

Changes in authorized personnel. Changes in service demand may cause the Library Board to increase or decrease staffing levels. Personnel costs are the Library's most significant operating expense.

Salary increases (annual adjustments and merit). The ability to attract and retain quality personnel requires the Library to strive to have competitive salary ranges and pay practices.

Inflation. While overall inflation has been reasonably modest, some of the Library's functions and services may experience unusual commodity-specific increases such as the cost of gas and electric utilities.

Current-Year Impacts

Revenues

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, revenues totaled \$3,284,176. Property taxes, the Library's single largest revenue source, amounted to \$2,942,224 or 89.6% of total revenue. The 2019 assessed valuation of the Library decreased 0.9% to \$897,935,373.

Current-Year Impacts (Continued)

Revenues (Continued)

Total income from all sources of \$3,284,176 increased from last year's \$3,119,122 due mainly to an increase in operating and capital grants. A donation was received during FY 2019-2020 from an estate of about \$228,000. Other revenue sources which includes fines, lost materials fees, photocopy fees, gifts, and from net investment income represent a fraction of the Library's revenues.

Expenses

The Library's expenses were \$3,175,176 in FY2020. As required by GASB Statement No. 34, the expense totals include depreciation expense of \$321,674 for governmental activities.

Total expenses increased from FY2019 due principally to increases in deferred items for IMRF and total OPEB liability.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Bloomingdale Public Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As of April 30, 2020, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 16) had a combined fund balance of \$2,240,082. This reflects an increase of \$197,283 from a donation received during FY 2019-2020 from an estate of about \$228,000.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS (Continued)

Table 3
General Fund Budgetary Highlights
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Original and		
	Final		
	Budget	Actual	
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,918,970	2,942,224	
Replacement Taxes	2,500	4,808	
Charges for Services	26,150	21,584	
Grants and Donations	35,023	265,508	
Interest Income	51,000	49,254	
Miscellaneous	2,000	150	
Total Revenues and Transfers In	3,035,643	3,283,528	
Expenditures			
Public Library			
Personnel Services	2,197,600	2,068,221	
Commodities	490,050	425,854	
Contractual Services	356,275	296,209	
Other	4,000	149	
Transfer Out		250,000	
Total Expenditures and Transfers Out	3,047,925	3,040,433	
Change in Fund Balance	(12,282)	243,095	

All public library expenditures are under budget due to the good faith effort of the Library.

No supplemental appropriations were adopted.

Capital Assets

The following schedule reflects the Library's capital asset balances as of April 30, 2020 and April 30, 3019:

Table 4 Capital Assets As of April 30, 2020 and April 30, 2019

	4/30/2020	4/30/2019
Governmental Activities	•	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		
Construction in Progress	\$ 119,417	
Depreciable Capital Assets		
Building and Improvements	7,581,946	7,417,244
Equipment and Furniture	1,624,074	1,624,074
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	9,206,020	9,041,318
Less Accumulated Depreciation		
Building and Improvements	4,522,953	4,257,568
Equipment and Furniture	1,478,082	1,421,793
Total Accumulated Depreciation	6,001,035	5,679,361
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	3,204,985	3,361,957
Governmental Activities Net Capital Assets	3,324,402	3,361,957

At year-end, the Library's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental type activities was \$3,324,402. See Note 3 (page 28) for further information regarding capital assets.

Major capital additions for the year were as follows:

\$ 119,417
 164,702
284,119
\$

Long-Term Debt

As of April 30, 2020, the Library has no outstanding long-term debt.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE LIBRARY'S FUTURE

The Library was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health of the future at April 30, 2020:

- The Library's ability to generate tax receipts is directly linked to the value of the property within the Village of Bloomingdale. Any adverse effect on property values will limit the ability of the Library to generate revenue.
- The Library maintains and updates a long-term capital plan with a schedule of anticipated future needs.
- The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Library's operations and financial position.

CONTACTING THE LIBRARY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Library's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to demonstrate the Library's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Bloomingdale Public Library, 101 Fairfield Way, Bloomingdale, Illinois 60108.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,259,230
Receivables - Net of Allowances	3,021,644
Prepaids	24,410
Total Current Assets	5,305,284
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	119,417
Depreciable Capital Assets	9,206,020
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,001,035)
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,324,402
Total Assets	8,629,686
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	S
Deferred Items - IMRF	334,284
Deferred Items - RBP	22,777
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	357,061
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,986,747
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	28,651
Accrued Payroll	43,732
Total Current Liabilities	72,383
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	940,024
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	279,636
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,219,660
Total Liabilities	1,292,043
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	2,992,819
Deferred Items - IMRF	498,183
Deferred Items - RBP	17,737
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,508,739
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,800,782
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	3,324,402
Restricted - Froio	35,521
Restricted - Working Cash	106,095
Unrestricted	719,947
Total Net Position	4,185,965

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

		Program Revenues Charges		Net (Expense) Revenue and
		for	Operating	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Grants	Net Position
Functions/Programs	D 2 175 176	21.504	265.500	(2,000,004)
Public Library	\$ 3,175,176	21,584	265,508	(2,888,084)
	Ge			
		Taxes Property	Гaxes	2,942,224
		Replacem		4,808
		Miscellaneou		150
		Investment In		49,902
				2,997,084
	Cł	nange in Net Pos	ition	109,000
	Ne	et Position - Beg	inning	4,076,965
	Ne	et Position - End	ing	4,185,965

Balance Sheet April 30, 2020

	General	Capital Projects Building	Permanent Froio	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,986,294	237,415	35,521	2,259,230
Receivables - Net of Allowances				
Taxes	2,992,819	-	-	2,992,819
Accounts	1,273	-	-	1,273
Grants	27,552	-	-	27,552
Prepaids	24,410	-	-	24,410
Total Assets	5,032,348	237,415	35,521	5,305,284
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	28,651	_	-	28,651
Accrued Payroll	43,732	_	-	43,732
Total Liabilities	72,383	-	-	72,383
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	2,992,819	-	-	2,992,819
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,065,202	-	-	3,065,202
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	24,410	_	_	24,410
Restricted	106,095	-	35,521	141,616
Committed	-	237,415	-	237,415
Unassigned	1,836,641	-	-	1,836,641
Total Fund Balances	1,967,146	237,415	35,521	2,240,082
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	5,032,348	237,415	35,521	5,305,284

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Total Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,240,082
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,324,402
Deferred outflows of resources related to the pension not reported in the funds. Deferred Items - IMRF Deferred Items - RBP	(163,899) 5,040
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Net Pension Liability - IMRF Total OPEB Liability	(940,024) (279,636)
Net Position	4,185,965

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	General	Capital Projects Building	Permanent Froio	Totals
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 2,942,224	-	-	2,942,224
Replacement Taxes	4,808	-	-	4,808
Charges for Services	21,584	-	-	21,584
Grants and Donations	265,508	-	-	265,508
Interest	49,254	-	648	49,902
Miscellaneous	150	-	-	150
Total Revenues	3,283,528	-	648	3,284,176
Expenditures Public Library Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	2,790,433 - 2,790,433	- 295,777 295,777	683 - 683	2,791,116 295,777 3,086,893
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	493,095	(295,777)	(35)	197,283
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	(250,000) (250,000)	250,000 - 250,000	- - -	250,000 (250,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	243,095	(45,777)	(35)	197,283
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,724,051	283,192	35,556	2,042,799
Fund Balances - Ending	1,967,146	237,415	35,521	2,240,082

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 197,283
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities	
are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	284,119
Depreciation Expense	(321,674)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions	
not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(925,131)
Change in Deferred Items - RBP	13,134
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change to Net Pension Liability - IMRF	894,988
Change to Total OPEB Liability - RBP	 (33,719)
Changes in Net Position	109,000

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Bloomingdale Public Library (the Library), Illinois provides services primarily to citizens of the Village of Bloomingdale, Illinois, including lending or renting materials to adults and children to meet their informational, recreations, and educational needs. The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP in the United States for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Library's accounting policies established in GAAP in the United States and used by the Library are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Library complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Library. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basic Financial Statements

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's governmental funds). The Library's public library services are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is: (a) presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Library's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Library first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the Library's functions. The Library's activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or discretely benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Library are reported in an individual fund in the fund financial statements. The fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The Library's fund is reported in the: governmental category. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major fund and is summarized into a single column.

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses) for the determination of major funds.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Library or total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund type is used by the Library:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Library:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the Library. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital projects funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital assets. The Library maintains one major capital projects funds. The Building Fund is used to account for library capital projects.

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. The Library maintains one permanent fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

The Library's fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflows is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability/deferred inflow is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the Library's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Library categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the Library's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances include property taxes.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000, or more depending on asset class, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Library as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

> Buildings and Improvements 20 - 40 Years Equipment and Furniture 3 - 20 Years

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Library Director submits to the Library Board of Trustees, a proposed operating budget resolution, which serves as a budget for the fiscal year commenting the following May 1. The operating budget resolution includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them.
- Public hearings are conducted by the Village of Bloomingdale, to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- Formal budgetary integrations are employed as a management control device during the year for the general and capital projects funds.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America.
- Budgetary authority lapses at year-end.
- State law requires that "expenditures be made in conformity with appropriation/budget." As under the Budget Act, transfers between line items and departments may be made by administrative action. Amounts to be transferred between funds would require Board approval. Legal budgetary control is maintained at the fund level.
- There were no budget amendments made during the year.

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The Froio Fund had an excess of actual expenditure, over budget of \$683 as of the date of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Library to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Fund is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) is a non-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code. IMET is managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in IMET are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits totaled \$849,399 and the bank balances totaled \$889,185. Additionally, at year-end the Library has \$616,502 invested in the Illinois Funds and \$793,329 invested in IMET.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Libraries investment policy limits the investment portfolio to maturities of no more than five years. The Library's investment in the Illinois Funds and in IMET have an average maturity of less than one year.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State statue allow the Library to invest in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury of agencies of the United States, and short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000. The Library is also authorized to invest in the Illinois Funds and IMET. At year-end, the Library's investment in the Illinois Funds is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and the IMET Convenience Fund is not rated.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Library's investment in a single issuer. The Library's investment policy does not restrict the amounts of investments in any one issuer. At year-end, the Library does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Library's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for investments. The investments in the Illinois Funds and IMET are not subject to custodial credit risk.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2019 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to the Building Fund for future capital projects, in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Building	General	\$ 250,000

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	119,417	-	119,417
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	7,417,244	164,702	_	7,581,946
Equipment and Furniture	1,624,074	-	-	1,624,074
	9,041,318	164,702	-	9,206,020
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	4,257,568	265,385	-	4,522,953
Equipment and Furniture	1,421,793	56,289	-	1,478,082
	5,679,361	321,674	-	6,001,035
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	3,361,957	(156,972)	-	3,204,985
Total Net Capital Assets	3,361,957	(37,555)	-	3,324,402

Depreciation expense of \$321,674 was charged to the public library function.

LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Net Pension Liability - IMRF Total OPEB Liablity - RBP	\$ 1,835,012 245,917	- 33,719	894,988 -	940,024 279,636	- -
	2,080,929	33,719	894,988	1,219,660	-

The General Fund makes payments on the net pension liability and the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

		Capital		
		_ Projects	Permanent	
	General	Building	Froio	Totals
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Prepaids	\$ 24,410	-	-	24,410
Restricted				
Froio	_	_	35,521	35,521
Working Cash	106,095	-	-	106,095
Č	106,095	-	35,521	141,616
Committed				
Capital Projects		237,415	-	237,415
Unassigned	1,836,641	-	-	1,836,641
Total Fund Balances	1,967,146	237,415	35,521	2,240,082

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS – Continued

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Library's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss including worker's compensation and employee health insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Financial Impact from COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Library's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The Library contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Description

Plan Administration. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Benefits Provided – Continued. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	37
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	29
Active Plan Members	44
Total	110

A detailed breakdown of IMRF membership for the Village and the Library combined is available in the Village of Bloomingdale's comprehensive annual financial report.

Contributions. As set by statute, the Library's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended April 30, 2020, the Library's contribution was 11.27% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	3.35% - 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.25%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	5.75%
International Equities	18.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.20%
Blended	7.00%	3.60% - 7.60%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	1.85%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as in the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Library contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Library calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Library's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	19	% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% I	ncrease
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)	(8.	25%)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	2,453,105		940,024	(301,470)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total		
	Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 10,814,006	8,978,994	1,835,012
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	156,336	-	156,336
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	811,523	-	811,523
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	78,443	-	78,443
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	174,808	(174,808)
Contributions - Employees	-	70,166	(70,166)
Net Investment Income	-	1,653,661	(1,653,661)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(418,802)	(418,802)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		42,655	(42,655)
Net Changes	627,500	1,522,488	(894,988)
Balances at December 31, 2019	11,441,506	10,501,482	940,024

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the Library recognized pension expense of \$204,951. At April 30, 2020, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred	Deferred	
	O	utflows of	Inflows of	
	R	Resources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	109,978	(31,716)	78,262
Change in Assumptions		154,091	(83,714)	70,377
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	(382,753)	(382,753)
Total Expenses to be Recognized in Future Periods		264,069	(498,183)	(234,114)
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		70,215	-	70,215
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF		334,284	(498,183)	(163,899)

\$70,215 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Net Deferred		
	Outflows/		
Fiscal	(Inflows)		
Year	of Resources		
2021	\$ (47,510)		
2022	(37,586)		
2023	48,822		
2024	(197,840)		
2025	-		
Thereafter	 _		
Total	(234,114)		

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Library's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the Library. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Library. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Library Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare and dental benefits for retirees and their dependents. The retirees and their dependents pay the full cost of the healthcare and dental benefits, until Medicare eligibility is reached.

Plan Membership. As of April 30, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	17
Total	18

Total OPEB Liability

The Library's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	4.00%
Discount Rate	2.85%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	3.25% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2020 and later years
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – Continued. The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 year high-grade rate index as of April 30, 2020.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality table (BCHA) projected to 2018 using improvement scale MP-2017.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

		Total OPEB
	1	Liability
Balance at April 30, 2019	\$	245,917
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		12,062
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		7,894
Changes of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		5,102
Other Changes		8,661
Benefit Payments		
Net Changes	_	33,719
Balance at April 30, 2020	_	279,636

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 2.85%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Current				
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase		
		(1.85%)	(2.85%)	(3.85%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	294,406	279,636	265,742		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a variable Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	6 Decrease Variable)	Rates (Variable)	1% Increase (Variable)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 262,975	279,636	297.947

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$20,584. At April 30, 2020, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals	
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	(2,301)	(2,301)	
Change in Assumptions		22,777	(15,436)	7,341	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	-		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB		22,777	(17,737)	5,040	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Ne	et Deferred
Fiscal	(Outflows
Year	of	Resources
2021	\$	629
2022		629
2023		629
2024		629
2025		629
Thereafter		1,895
Total		5,040

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefits Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$ 193,371	\$ 194,185	\$ 814	\$ 1,475,884	13.16%
2017	197,686	199,901	2,215	1,485,245	13.46%
2018	190,364	190,364		1,468,035	12.97%
2019	182,466	182,656	190	1,517,719	12.03%
2020	174,808	174,808	-	1,551,094	11.27%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 24 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% - 14.25%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality MP-2017 (base year 2015)

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2020

		12/31/2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	156,564
Interest	Ψ	645,276
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(12,266)
Change of Assumptions		24,354
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(272,560)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		541,368
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		8,673,164
Total Pension Liability - Ending		9,214,532
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$	194,185
Contributions - Members		67,077
Net Investment Income		38,701
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(272,560)
Administrative Expense		(66,317)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(38,914)
Plan Net Position - Beginning		7,745,790
Plan Net Position - Ending		7,706,876
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	1,507,656
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Laibility		83.64%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,475,884
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		102.15%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019
159,244	155,585	147,425	156,336
683,832	653,141	779,659	811,523
(122,912)	189,673	(54,850)	78,443
(37,350)	(289,812)	320,098	_
(279,542)	(327,440)	(377,277)	(418,802)
403,272	381,147	815,055	627,500
9,214,532	9,617,804	9,998,951	10,814,006
9,617,804	9,998,951	10,814,006	11,441,506
7,017,004	7,770,731	10,014,000	11,441,500
199,901	195,921	187,751	174,808
67,582	66,966	68,007	70,166
540,600	1,316,040	(442,810)	1,653,661
(279,542)	(327,440)	(377,277)	(418,802)
18,251	(51,816)	89,984	42,655
			_
546,792	1,199,671	(474,345)	1,522,488
7,706,876	8,253,668	9,453,339	8,978,994
8,253,668	9,453,339	8,978,994	10,501,482
1 264 126	545 610	1 925 012	040.024
1,364,136	545,612	1,835,012	940,024
85.82%	94.54%	83.03%	91.78%
22.02/0		32.0270	21070
1,485,245	1,488,137	1,511,274	1,551,094
91.85%	36.66%	121.42%	60.60%

Retiree Benefits Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2020

	2019	2020
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 10,889	12,062
Interest	8,562	7,894
Changes in Benefit Terms	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(3,203)	-
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	12,661	5,102
Other Changs	(18,879)	8,661
Benefit Payments	-	-
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 10,030	33,719
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 235,887	245,917
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	 245,917	279,636
Covered Payroll	\$ 987,665	987,665
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	24.90%	28.31%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptoons related to the discount rate were made in 2019 and 2020.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Budg	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,918,970	2,918,970	2,942,224
Replacement Taxes	2,500	2,500	4,808
Charges for Services	26,150	26,150	21,584
Grants and Donations	20,130	20,130	21,504
Grants	27,523	27,523	27,553
Co-Sponsored Projects	5,500	5,500	5,500
Donations	2,000	2,000	232,455
Interest Income	51,000	51,000	49,254
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	150
Total Revenues	3,035,643	3,035,643	3,283,528
Expenditures			
Public Library	2 107 600	2 107 600	2.060.221
Personnel Services	2,197,600	2,197,600	2,068,221
Commodities	490,050	490,050	425,854
Contractual Services	356,275	356,275	296,209
Other	4,000	4,000	149
Total Expenditures	3,047,925	3,047,925	2,790,433
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,282)	(12,282)	493,095
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out		-	(250,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(12,282)	(12,282)	243,095
Fund Balance - Beginning			1,724,051
Fund Balance - Ending			1,967,146

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the costs of miscellaneous capital improvement projects and equipment replacement. Financing is provided by earmarking revenues to provide for the costs associated with the projects.

Building Fund

The Building Fund is used to account for the Library's capital projects.

PERMANENT FUND

Permanent funds are used to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Library's programs, that is, for the benefit of the Library or its citizenry.

Froio Fund

The Froio Fund is used to account for the funding for a collection of library materials in support of foreign language learning and cultural literacy. The principal is invested in FDIC insured CD's and annually the interest is used to purchase library materials.

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Public Library			
Personnel Services			
Salaries	\$ 1,735,000	1,735,000	1,648,053
Health Insurance	111,000	111,000	106,165
Social Security	130,600	130,600	123,381
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	200,000	200,000	185,579
Workman's Compensation	7,000	7,000	5,043
Unemployment Insurance	14,000	14,000	-
	2,197,600	2,197,600	2,068,221
Commodities			
Building & Contents Insurance	14,500	14,500	10,304
Public Officals Liability Insurance	1,300	1,300	2,023
Fidelity Bonds	1,600	1,600	1,658
Telephone	18,500	18,500	26,806
Utilities	16,000	16,000	7,576
Staff/Trustee Training & Education	16,000	16,000	12,688
Postage	13,500	13,500	7,206
Printing	28,000	28,000	20,693
Legal Fees	10,000	10,000	1,796
Audit	9,000	9,000	8,800
Professional Services	16,000	16,000	15,716
Publication of Legal Notices	1,200	1,200	21
Public Information	18,800	18,800	14,453
Programs-Special Events	26,000	26,000	23,114
Automated System	45,000	45,000	41,486
OCLC (Computer Cataloging System)	750	750	-
On-Line Services	112,000	112,000	105,839
Video/Film Rental	500	500	-
Book Repair	300	300	-
Building Maintenance	28,000	28,000	30,559
Equipment Maintenance	26,000	26,000	20,414
Grounds Maintenance	14,000	14,000	11,660
Janitorial Services	46,000	46,000	39,061
Programs	27,100	27,100	23,981
-	490,050	490,050	425,854

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

	Bud	Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Public Library - Continued			
Contractual Services			
Supplies - Administration	\$ 8,000	8,000	24,747
Supplies - Operating	13,000	13,000	12,153
Supplies - Copier/Printing	2,300	2,300	531
Supplies - Circ/Tech	30,000	30,000	-
Periodicals - Adult/Juvenile	11,700	11,700	12,201
Computer Software	25,000	25,000	15,002
Office Equipment	19,000	19,000	9,861
Computer Equipment	35,000	35,000	34,841
Audio/Visual Equipment	3,500	3,500	989
Local History Materials	2,000	2,000	_
Books - Fiction	45,650	45,650	42,250
Books - Easy Fiction	9,600	9,600	8,740
Books - Non Fiction	51,350	51,350	45,721
Books - Non Fiction Reference	7,800	7,800	7,136
Books - Leased	15,775	15,775	15,705
Non-Book Materials - Audio Books	13,500	13,500	18,478
Non-Book Materials - Electronic Games	3,500	3,500	3,500
Non-Book Materials - Video/DVD	22,800	22,800	16,626
Non-Book Materials - CD	6,950	6,950	3,267
Non-Book Materials - Displays	850	850	129
Non-Book Materials - E-Books	19,600	19,600	13,810
Non-Book Materials - Youth Kits	-	-	2,205
Non-Book Materials - Learning Games	900	900	979
Miscellaneous Materials	-	-	1,822
Donations Purchases	3,000	3,000	16
Co-Sponsored Projects	5,500	5,500	5,500
	356,275	356,275	296,209
Other			
Contingency	3,000	3,000	149
Reciprocal Borrowing Payments	1,000	1,000	- 17
	4,000	4,000	149
Total Expenditures	3,047,925	3,047,925	2,790,433

Building - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30,2020

	Budge		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$ -	-	-
Expenditures Capital Outlay	348,200	348,200	295,777
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(348,200)	(348,200)	(295,777)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		-	250,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(348,200)	(348,200)	(45,777)
Fund Balance - Beginning			283,192
Fund Balance - Ending			237,415

Froio - Permanent Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30,2020

	0	riginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$	200	200	648
Expenditures Public Library		-	-	683
Net Change in Fund Balance		200	200	(35)
Fund Balance - Beginning				35,556
Fund Balance - Ending				35,521



Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Tax Extensions and Tax Collections Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2020

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Assessed Valuations	\$ 978,538,198	928,022,344	824,496,272	752,685,827
Tax Rates Corporate	 0.2744	0.2835	0.3271	0.3583
Tax Extensions				
Corporate	2,685,109	2,630,943	2,696,927	2,696,873
Collections	 2,679,325	2,622,136	2,688,594	2,687,659
Percent Collected	99.78%	99.67%	99.69%	99.66%

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Notes:

Rates are per \$1,000 of Assessed Value

Collections for the 2019 tax levy year will be in fiscal year 2021.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
730,158,591	755,719,103	811,233,218	859,839,683	905,722,670	897,935,373
0.3786	0.3731	0.3511	0.3379	0.3256	0.3333
2,764,380	2,819,588	2,848,240	2,905,398	2,949,033	2,992,819
2,755,167	2,814,059	2,842,061	2,898,641	2,942,234	-
99.67%	99.80%	99.78%	99.77%	99.77%	0.00%